

Ultra compact / Ultra low power ECRIS for RIB production

COMIC : a microwave FEBIAD ?

1 - A new approach for ECR device :

- The quarter wave geometry

2 - COMIC (COmpact MIcrowave and Coaxial) :

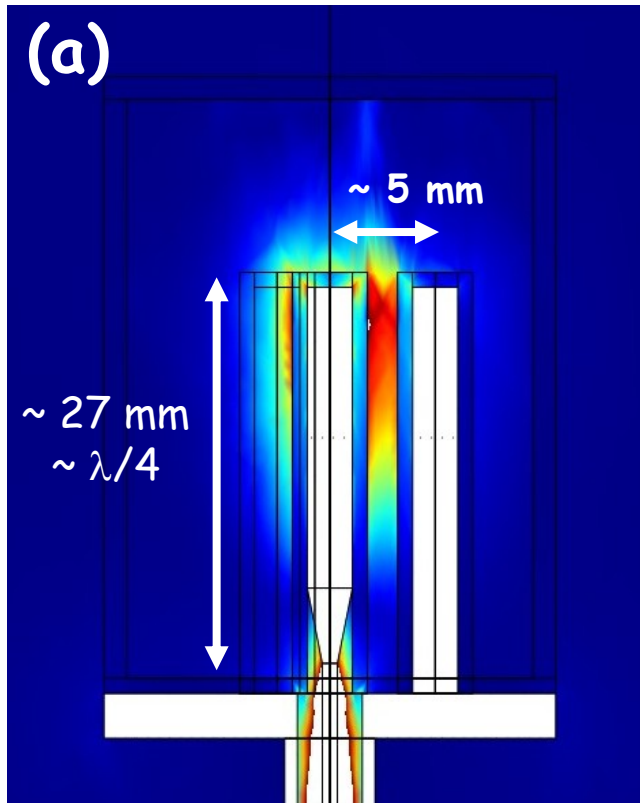
- Main characteristics for stable ions

3 - COMIC-Isolde :

- The quartz bulb as plasma chamber /
sticking control et gas efficiency tests

4 - Reception tests and schedule

Microwave field distribution inside a quasi coaxial geometry



*Electric field amplitude
distribution between the central
antenna and couplers with quasi-
coaxial geometry
(COMSOL Calculation)*

$$f_{hf} = 2.45 \text{ GHz}$$

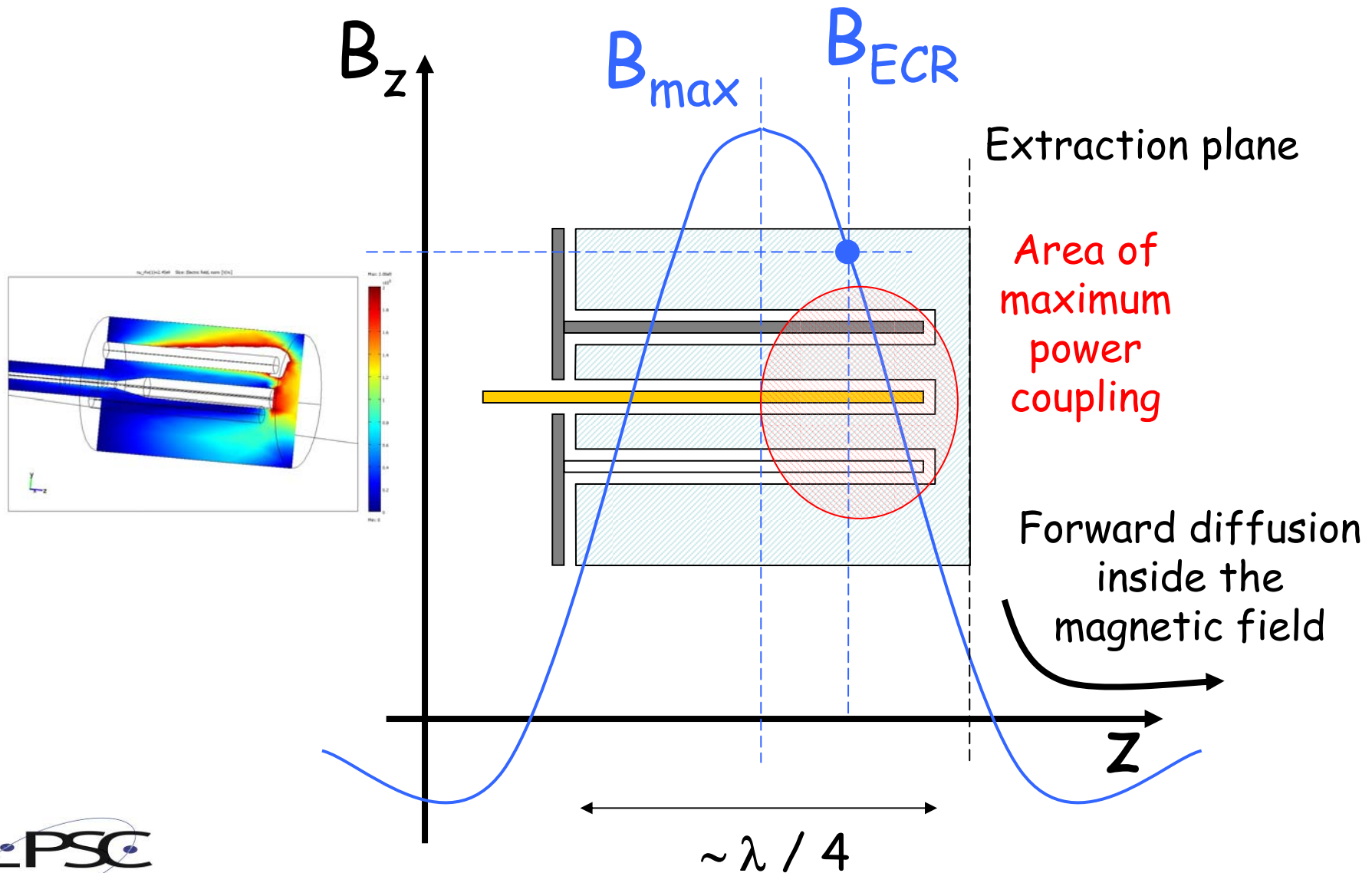
Red $> 10^4 \text{ V/m}$



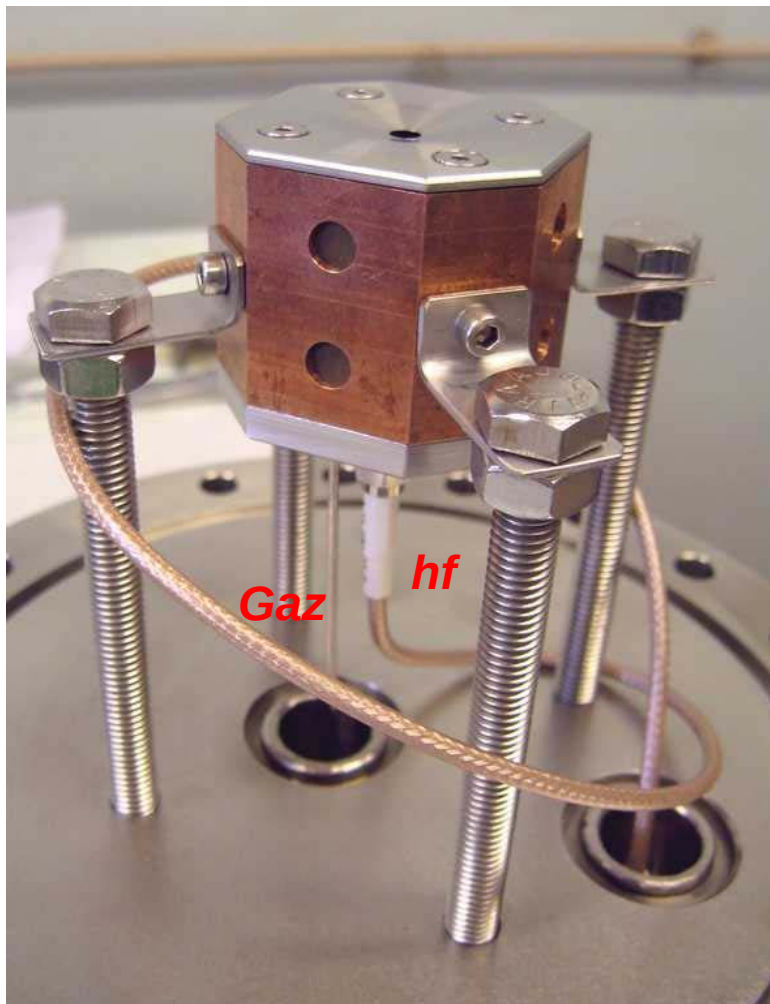
*Distribution of light in a
Xenon discharge (2 W)
between the central
antenna and the coupler
with quasi-coaxial geometry*

$$p \sim 10^{-2} \text{ mbar}$$

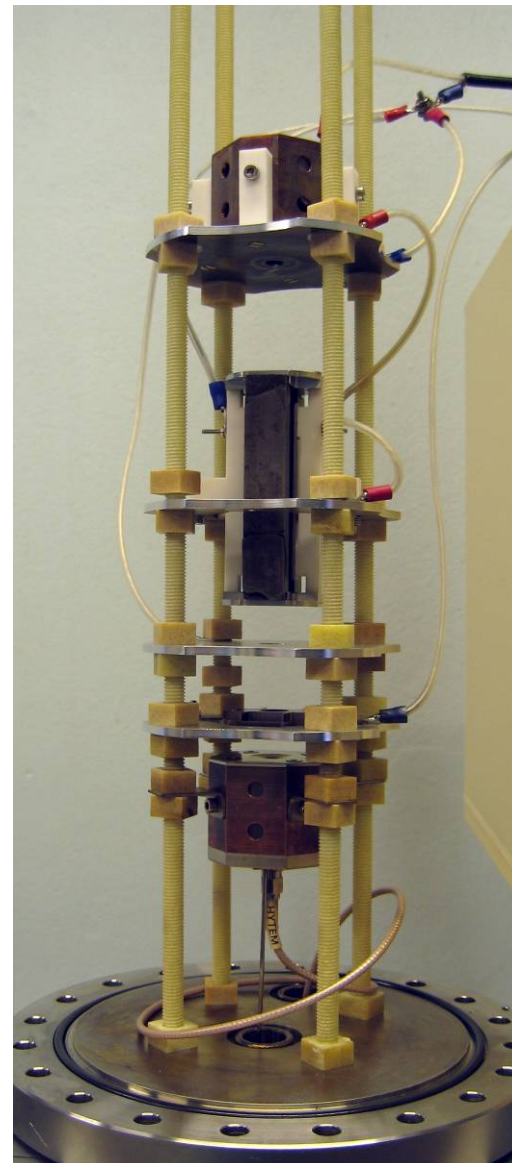
COMIC cavity : conductive resonant cavity



COMIC operation under vacuum with/without beam line

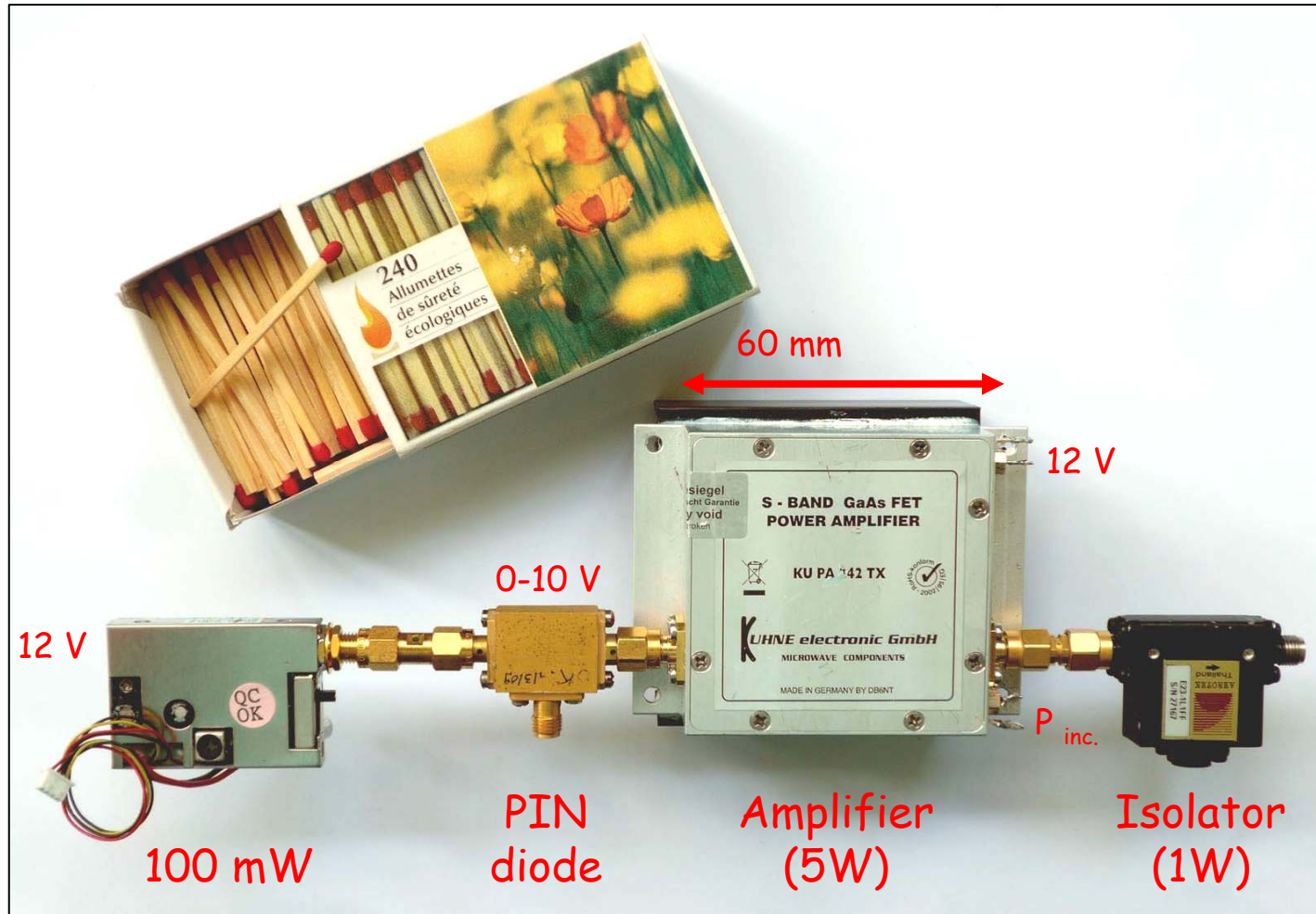


Plasma source mode
gaz and HF (coax. SMA)



Ion source
mode
with
Wien filter

5 W solid state transmitter (Kuhne Electronics Amplifier, Germany)

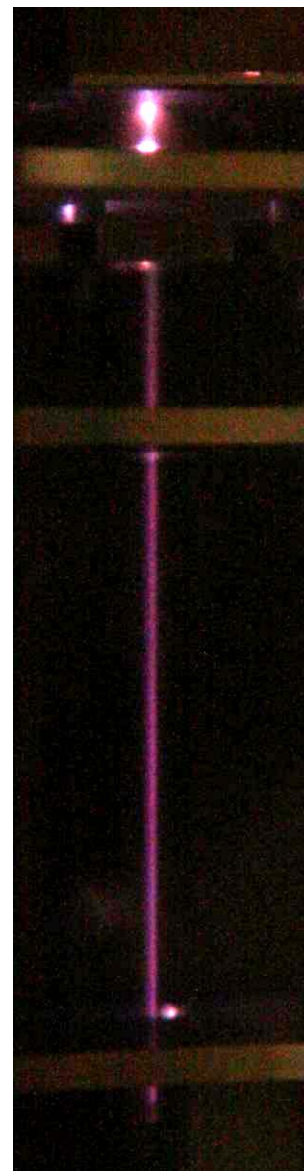


possibly
20W same size

COMIC operation under vacuum : plasma & ion source



Plasma source mode
(semi closed cavity)



hole 3/10 mm

Source

18 KV

Extraction electrode

14 KV

Grounded electrode

0 KV

4 W Hélium

4 μ Ae

$\Phi \sim 0.5$ mm

à 10 cm

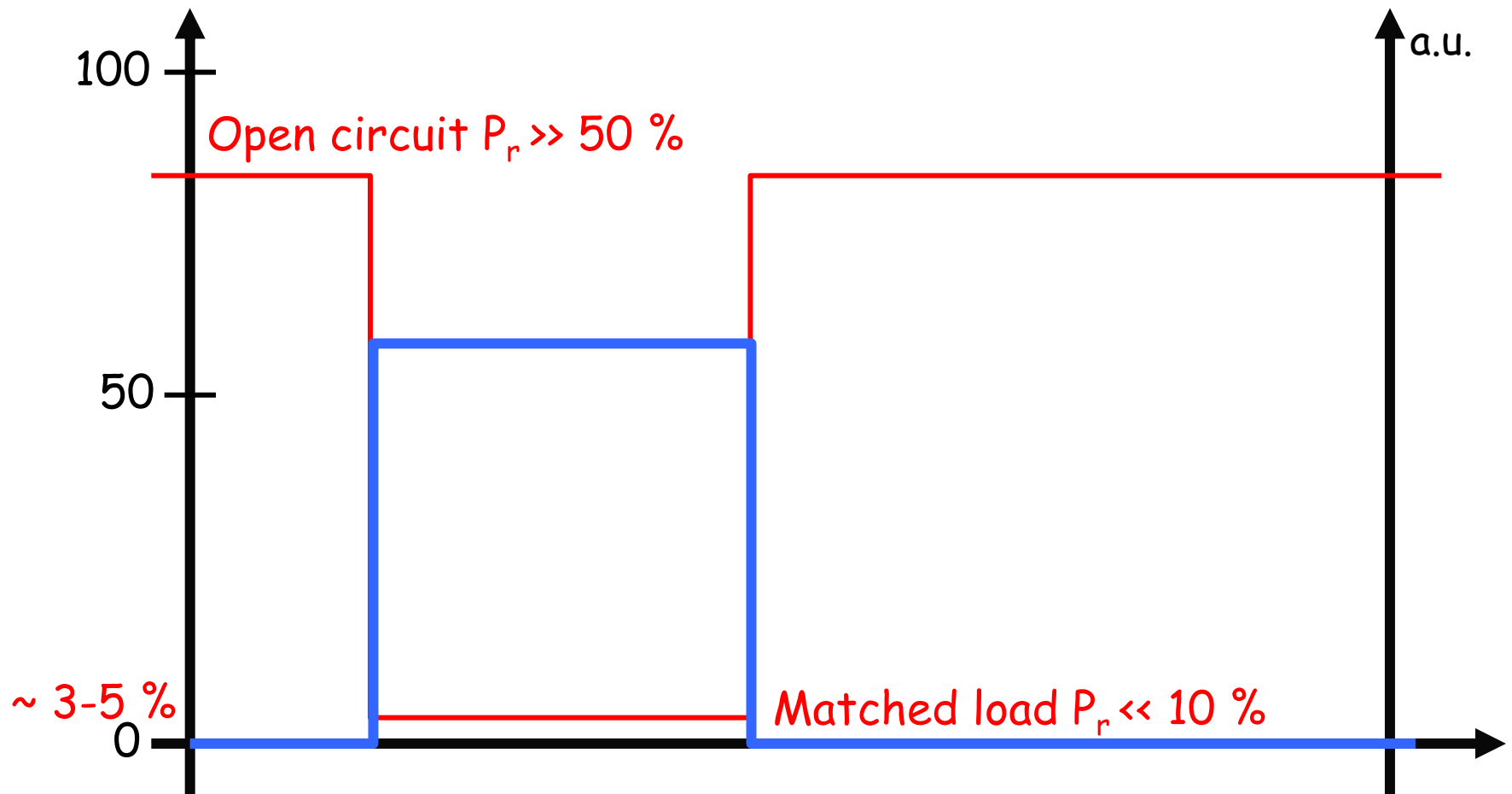
FC entrance (Φ 7 mm)

Argon 10^{-2} mbar / 5 W

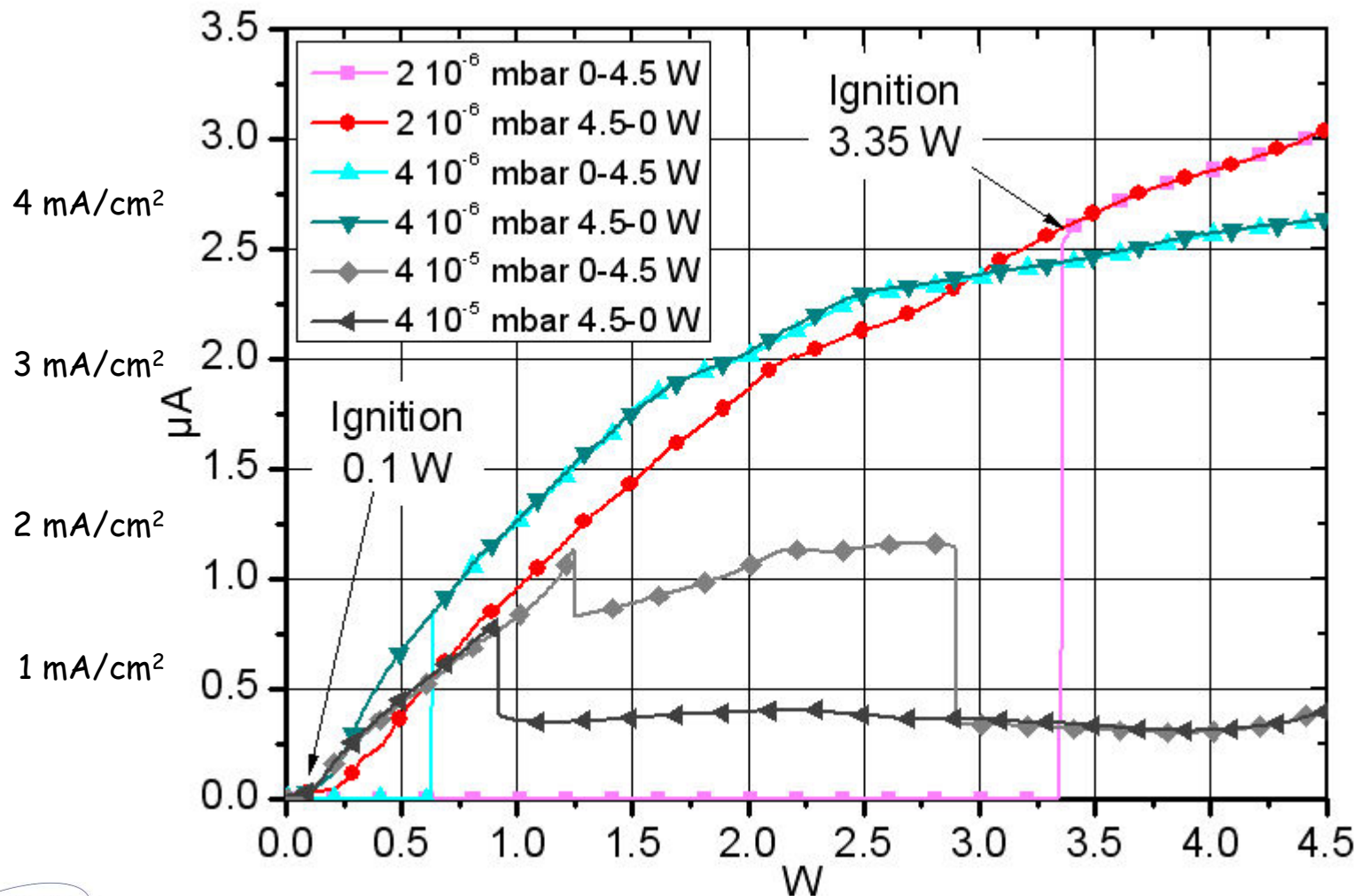
COMIC operating points and reflected power

Reflected power (%) (below 5 W)

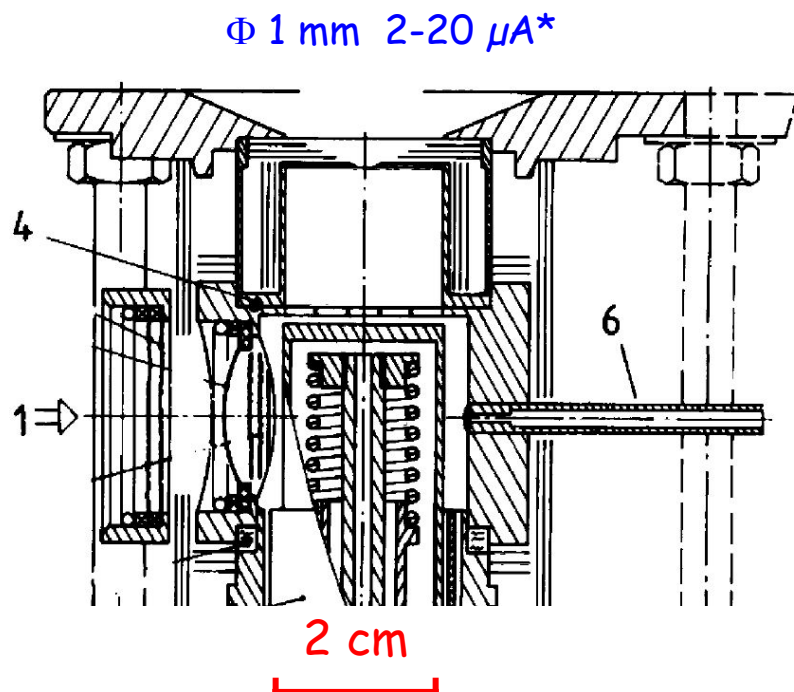
Current f_c



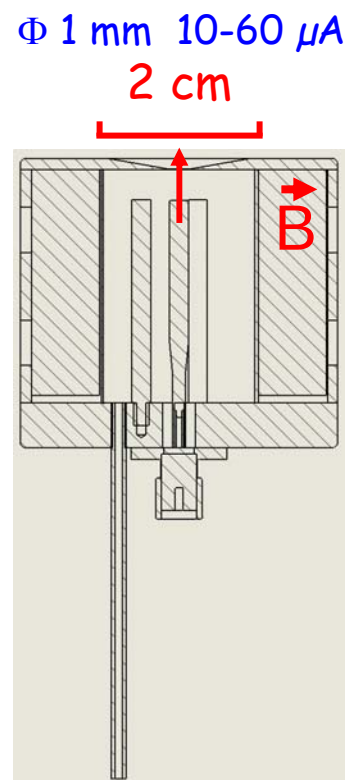
Ar - 20 KV - extraction 3/10 mm - Power ignition and plasma stability



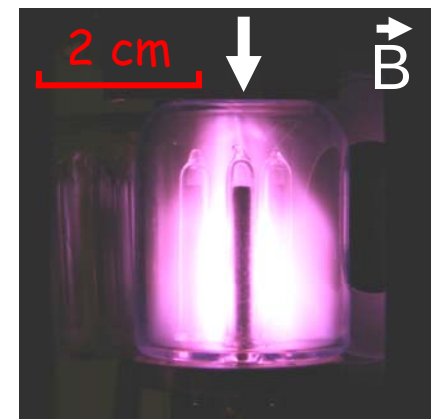
COMIC versus FEBIAD : a microwave FEBIAD ?



FEBIAD

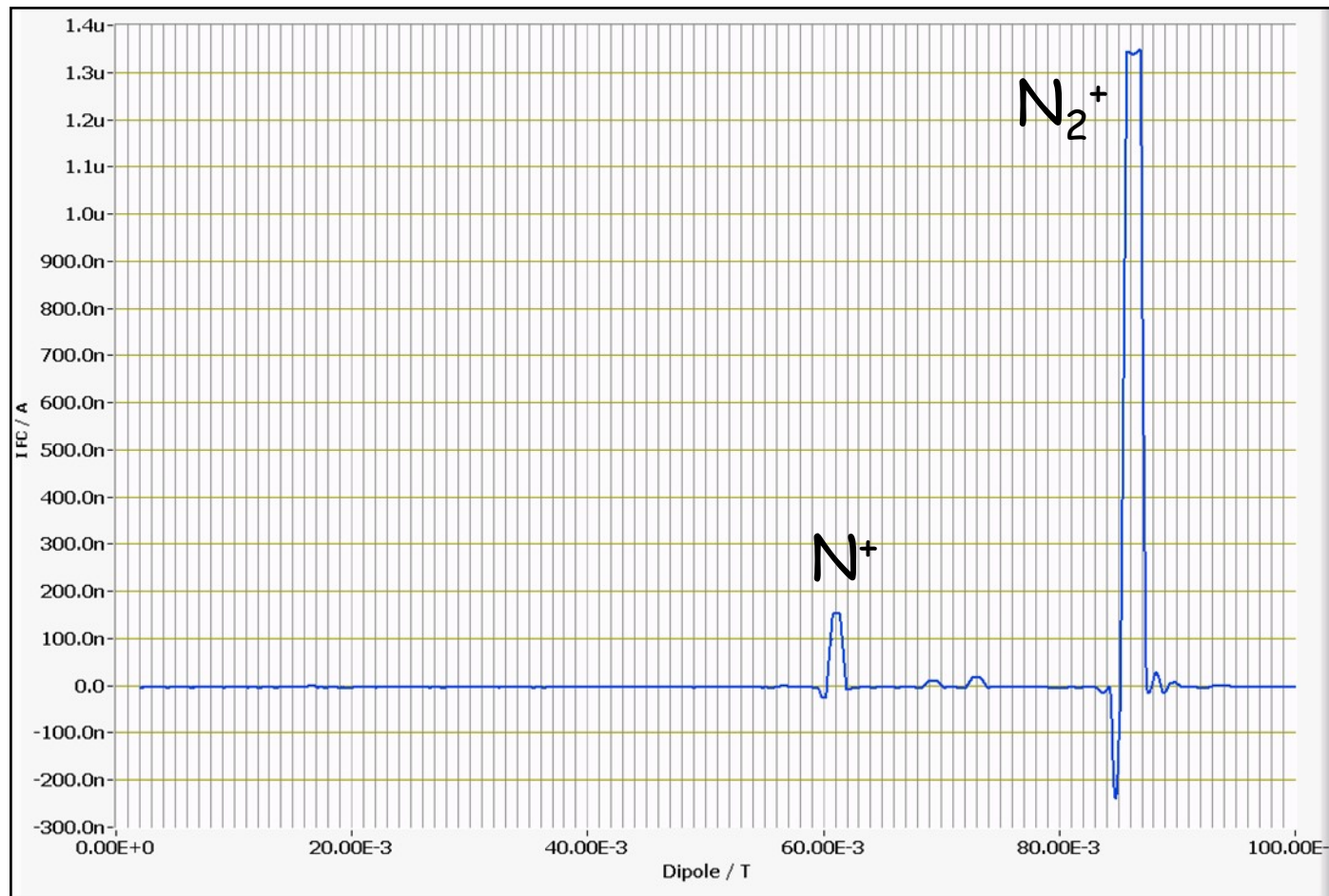


COMIC source



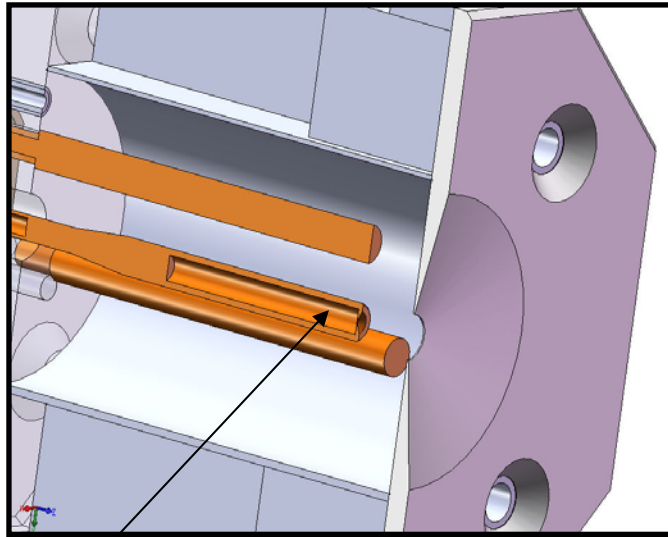
COMIC bulb

COMIC 1+ injection line : Nitrogen spectrum (4.7 W - 15 KV- 3/10 mm)

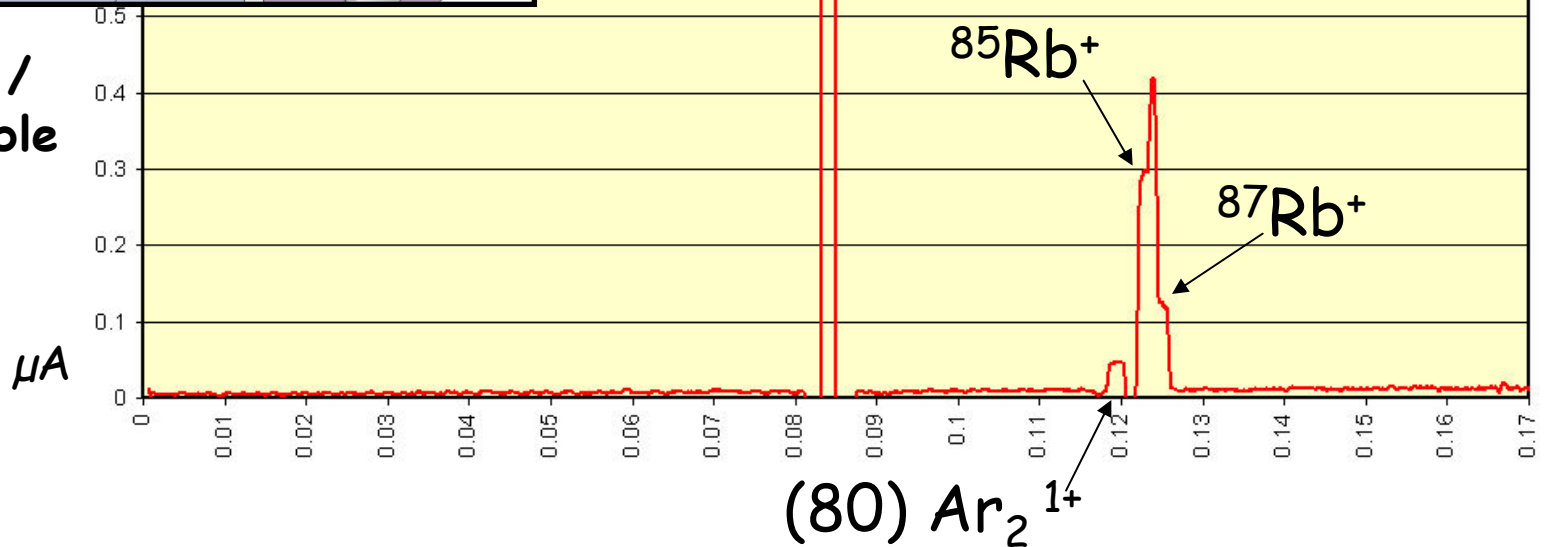


If noble gas → « monopeak » spectrum

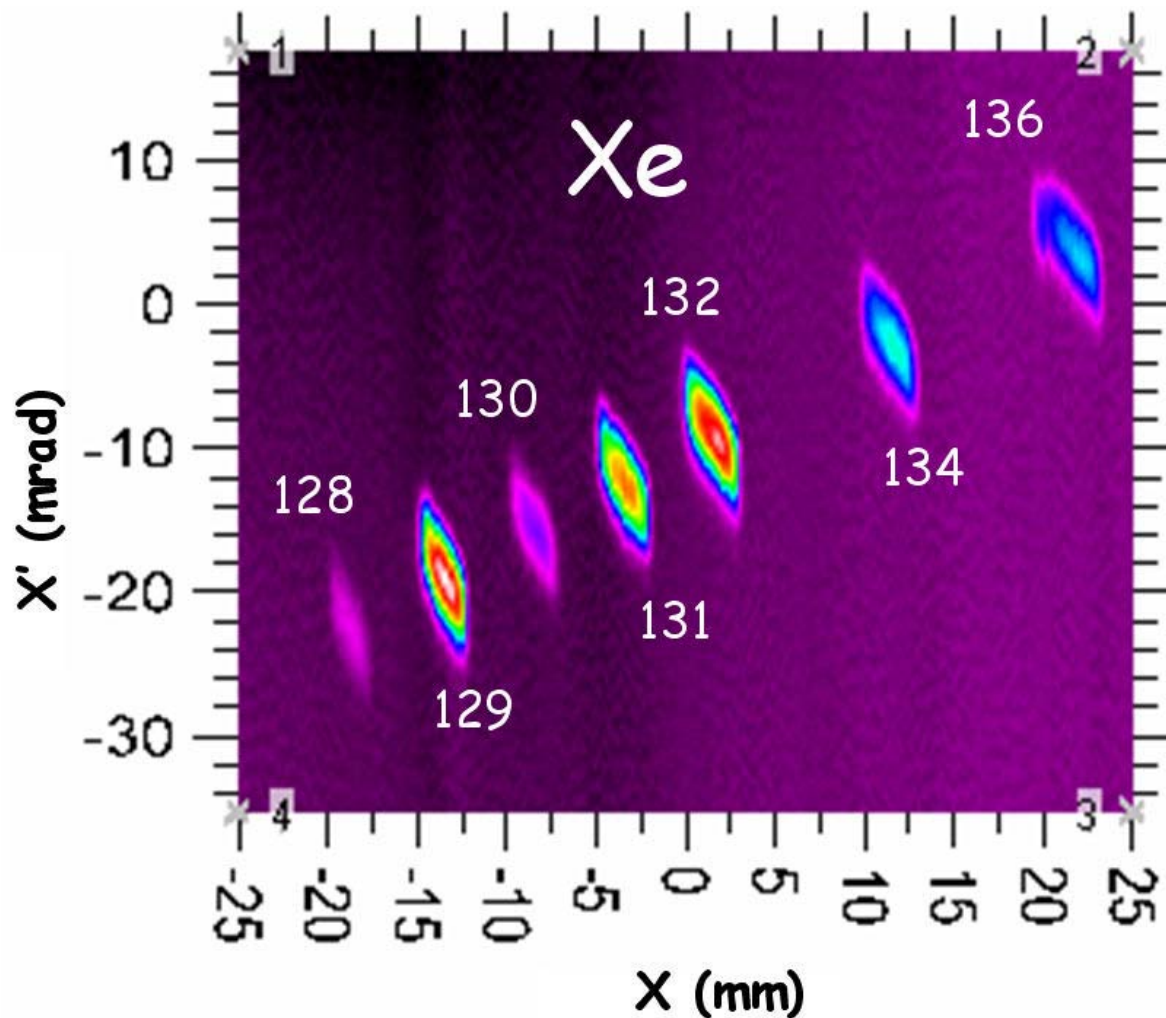
COMIC as a « micro » induction oven : Rubidium Spectrum



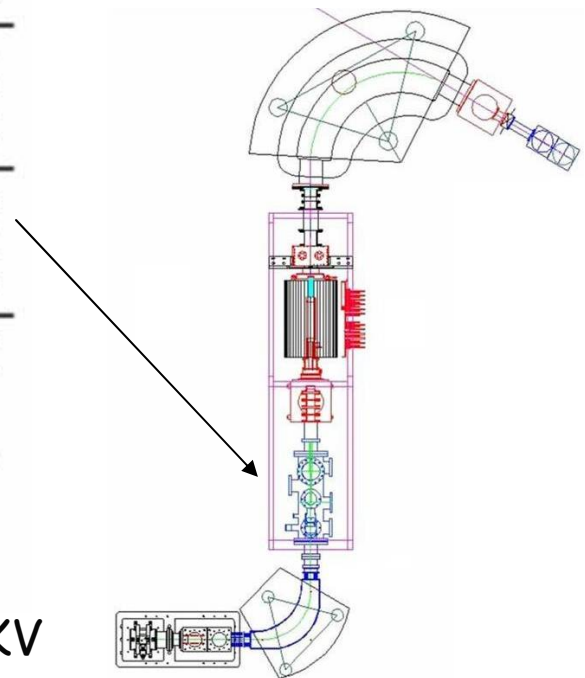
Antenna /
Rb crucible



Xe - emittance on the 1⁺ charge breeder beam line

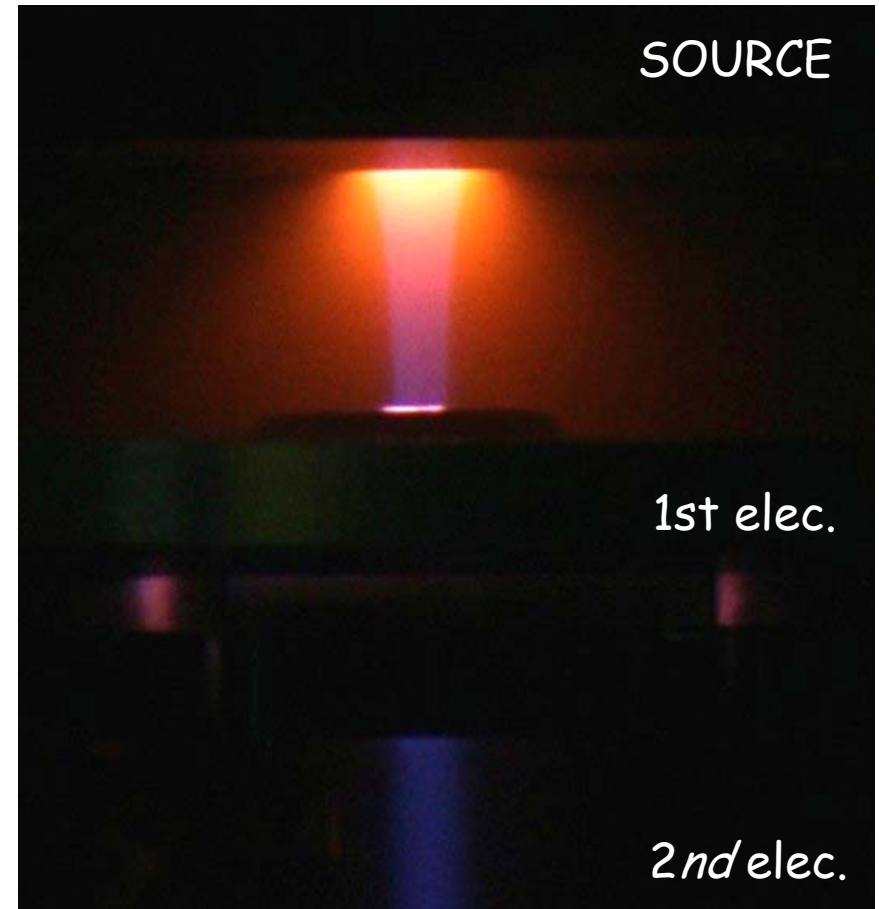
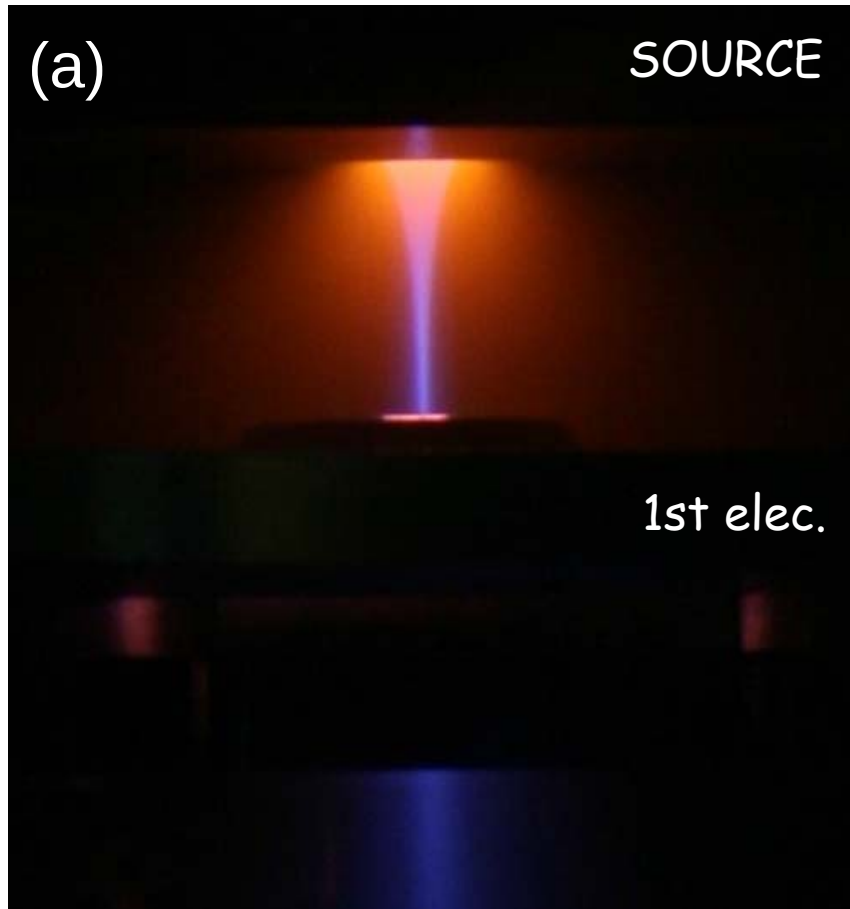


1σ
 $1.2 \pi \cdot \text{mm} \cdot \text{mrad}$
15 KV
3/10 mm ext.



1.8 μAe total / 3 W / ext. 0.3 mm / 15 KV
(12.5 kV élect. intermédiaire)

COMIC : 2 mm extracted beams focus control

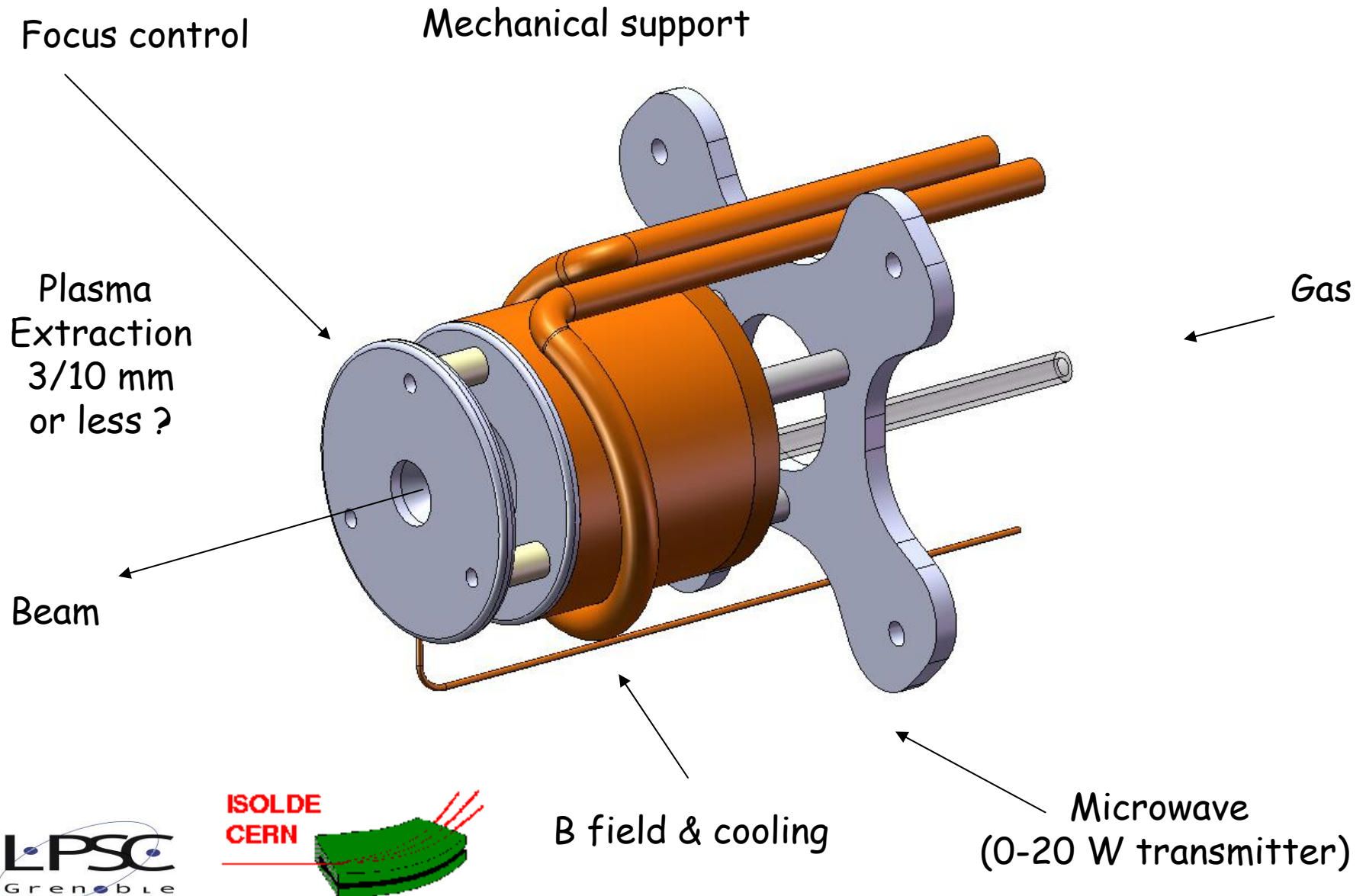


1 W HF 2 mm 15 KV ~ 100 μ A

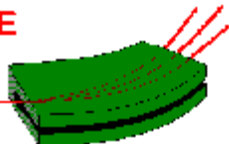
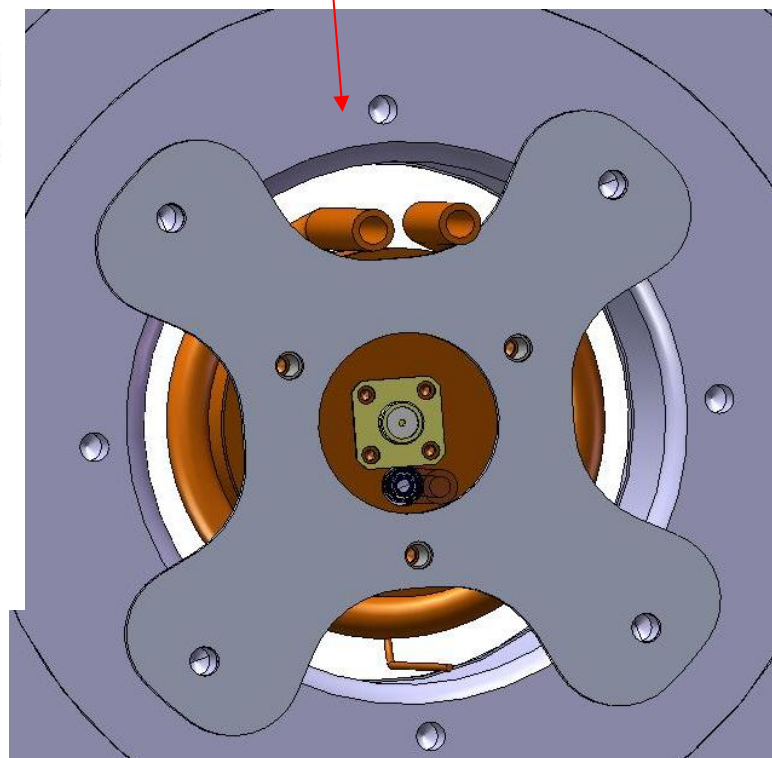
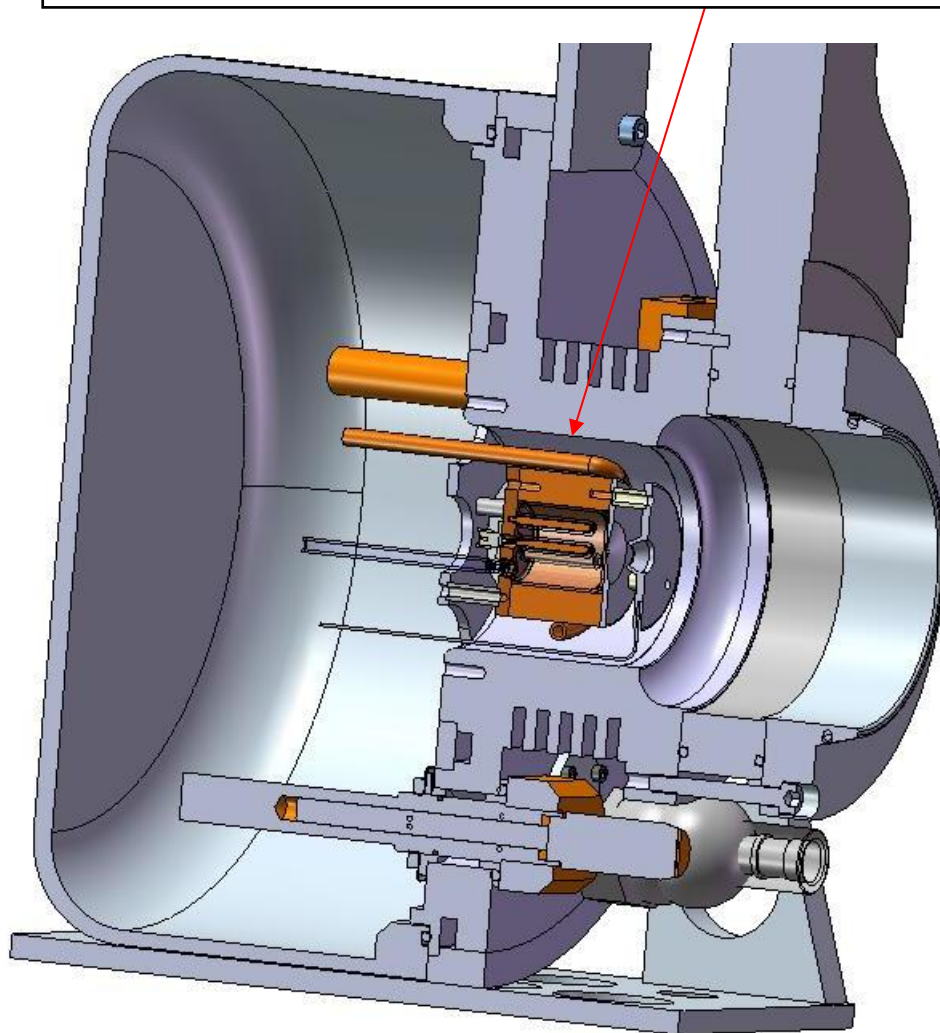
Extraction 15 KV + 0 KV

Extraction 3 KV + 12 KV

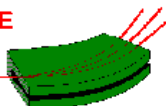
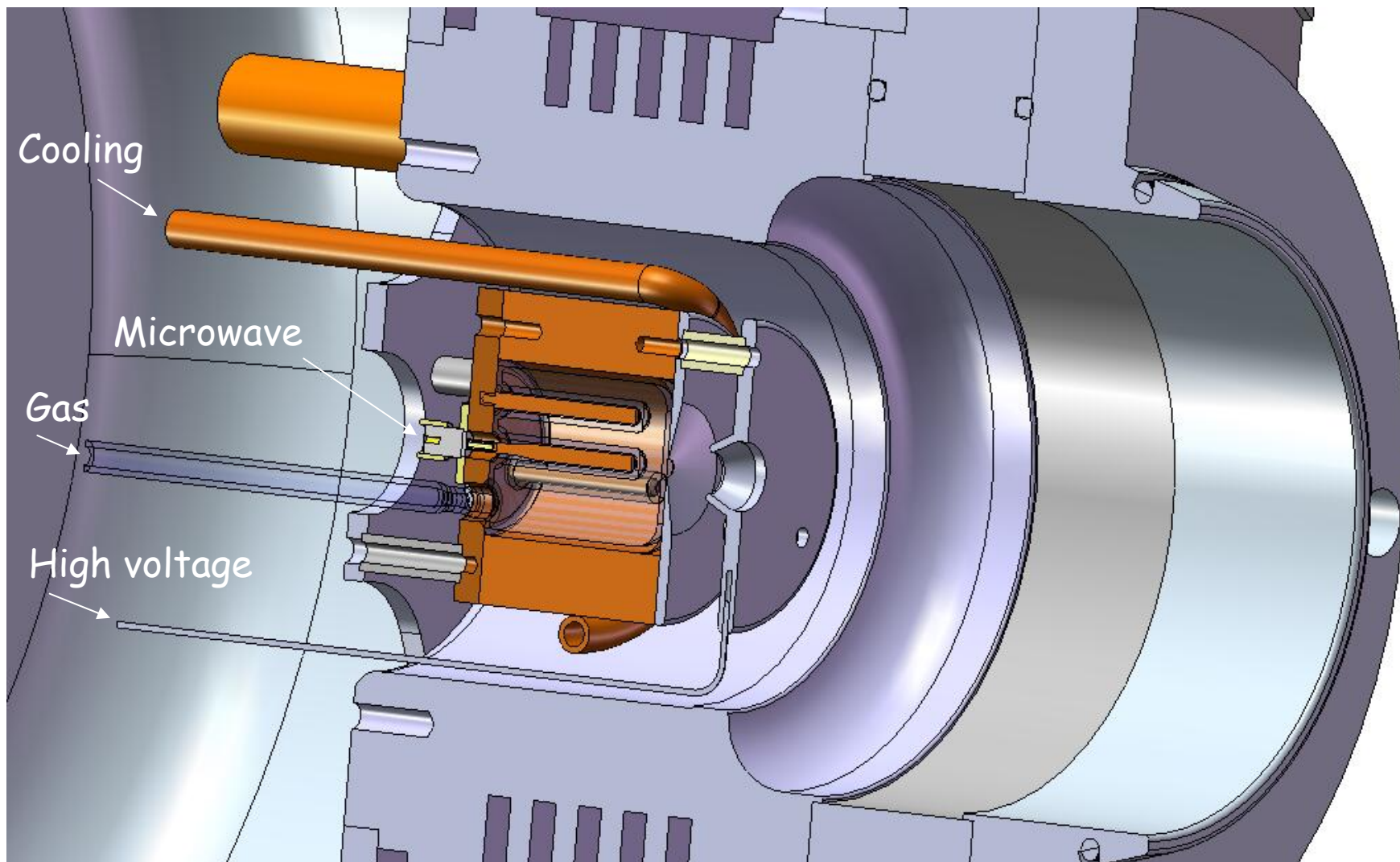
Prototype for retrofit « plug and play » / source CERN-ISOLDE
Fully quartz plasma chamber and transfer tube for CO₂/CO tests (Thierry Stora, ISOLDE CERN)



Prototype for retrofit « plug and play » / source CERN-ISOLDE
Fully quartz plasma chamber and cold transfer tube for CO₂/CO tests

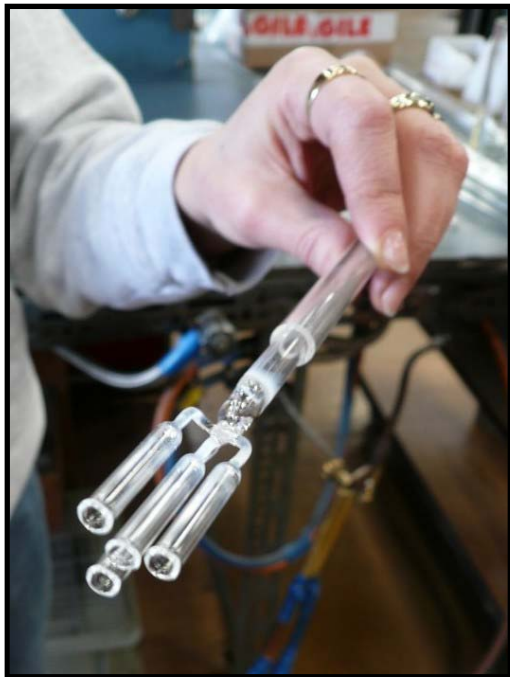


Prototype for retrofit « plug and play » / source CERN-ISOLDE
Fully quartz plasma chamber and cold transfer tube for CO₂/CO tests



The quartz chamber making

(Initial lampe version / Pignat S.A. Lyon)



Ultra compact / Ultra low power ECRIS for RIB production

Performance tests end schedule

- 1 - 20 KV(16KV), parallel beam, 3/10 mm extractor,
> 10 % gas efficiency CO_2^+
- 2 - Quartz plasma chamber (under fabrication)
- 3 - January 2010 tests on the COMIC test bench
 - Microwave operating point
 - Noble gas functioning (Ar)
- 4 - March 2010 transfert on the ISOLDE test bench
 - efficiency measurements
 - emittance measurements (60 KV)